The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II, RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, JULY 22, 1867. NO. 294.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

From the New York Herald.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IN THE SOUTH—THE DANGER AHEAD.

The Republicans of Congress are evidently resolved to make sure work, in a party view, in the reconstruction of the ten excluded Southern States. On Monday evening last a party caucus of the members of both houses was held upon this important subject, from the reports of which it appears that the Congressional Executive Committee, of which Mr. Schenck is chairman, had collected some seventeen thousand dollars for Southern electioneering purposes; that the bulk of this sum had been so expended in the employment of white and black stump speakers and organizers, and in the circulation of political documents and speeches; that some sixty colored men and a considerable number of whites are now engaged in organizing republican clubs and in disseminating republican ideas in the excluded States, and that for the more vigorous prosecution of this work the caucus agreed to raise a fund of one hundred thousand dollars, towards which fifteen thousand was subscribed on the spot.

This looks like business; and yet all this is only an item in the resources and forces of the republicans in the South. First, they have Congress itself, with its absolute powers, and the emancipated blacks in an almost unbroken phalanx on the side of Congress, comprehending say five hundred thousand voters. Secondly, they have the War Department, the General-in-Chief of the army, the five commanders of the five Southern military districts, their numerous subordinates, and all their powerful moral, material and financial aid to back them.—Thirdly, the Freedmen's Bureau, with an agency for the distribution of bread to the destitute whites and blacks in almost every county in every one of these ten excluded States, is an active, zealous and powerful republican electioneering institution.—Lastly, the freedmen's schools, involving an annual expenditure of millions of money, collected from Northern societies, are all active supporters of the republican party. Against this formidable array of official agencies, Treasury appropriations, Northern societies, Congressional committees and organized clubs, with the nucleus mass of the Southern blacks and considerable fractions of the white population to start upon, how stands the opposition? It stands without organization in any State, without recognized leaders, and without electioneering agents, because it is without money; and the opposition elements, moreover, are so far divided in opinion and so demoralized that they appear to have given up the battle in advance. Thus, from all the developments and signs of the times, we cannot resist the conclusion that, after passing through the appointed processes of reconstruction, nearly all, if not all, these ten outside States will be reinstated in Congress with a republican delegation in both houses.

This will be done through a party organization embracing the blacks almost *en masse*, and sufficient detachments from the whites to give this combination the balance of power. The States, however, which will thus be gained to the republican side will be in truth black republican States, inasmuch as this dominant mixed party therein will be controlled by the black vote. And herein lies the especial danger of a speedy reaction against the republicans, resulting in the disruption of the party. While Hayti and Jamaica furnish abundant evidence of the incapacity of the African race for self-government or political ascendancy according to any of the forms of modern civilization, we have in the history respectively of the mixed breeds of Dominica, Mexico, the Central American and most of the South American States, enough to warn us of the danger of negro political ascendancy in the South. The result of this ascendancy will probably be, from Virginia to Texas, more or less such a conflict of races, such a state of disorder, anarchy and bloodshed in the reconstructed States, as to bring about a revolutionary political reaction in the North, demolishing the party in power, North and South. Indeed, the republicans, upon the Southern negro vote, are venturing upon an exceedingly dangerous experiment, and unless they manage it with extraordinary skill, the consequences to them will be disastrous and a warning against all such experiments for ages to come.

We are satisfied that the Congressional plan of Southern reconstruction meets the approval of the great North, and will now be quietly acquiesced in by all classes and parties in the South. Copperhead malcontents may denounce this system as horribly despotic, and the five Southern military commanders as the five monarchs, the five pro-consuls, the five viceroys, the five Turkish pashas, or the five Chinese mandarins, each with three tails; but this will not change the fact nor the powers that be. It is said that General Sickles is the Great Mogul of Charleston; that, in his royal coach, with his four shining black horses, he is the admiration of the darkies, who love display and finery, but that his coach and four produce anything but pleasing reflections to the mourners for the Constitution. But does not the executive head of the Democratic party make an equal display with his coach and four at Newport, and is he not a stickler for the Constitution? All this sort of cant and clap-trap goes for nothing against any of these five military commanders, so long as they faithfully and zealously execute the laws of Congress. We believe they are thus doing their duty, and that henceforward, under the directions of General Grant, it will be plain sailing for them. But when they shall have finished their work with the reconstruction of the States concerned, then will come the crisis of life or death to the present republican organization; then the elements of discord and disintegration will appear, and then will begin a reconstruction of parties and sections and factions, and perhaps a Northern revolution against the excesses of Southern black republican political ascendancy. This experiment is under full headway, and the point of danger will soon appear. Whether the party in power, with General Grant as their champion, are to walk over the course in 1868, like Monroe in 1820, or are to be broken up in a scrub race like that of 1824, will most probably be determined by the results of this experiment of negro suffrage in the South.

The New York *Times* thinks new perils for Mexico are brewing, and says the Austrian fleet on its way for the body of Maximilian, may, if its demand is not acceded to, take Vera Cruz, and plunge Mexico into another war of anarchy.

RECONSTRUCTION,—SUPPLEMENTAL BILL NO. 2.

PASSED AT THE JULY SESSION.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 24th. day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of snch commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so-called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed, by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same, and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,'" passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding Generals of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: *Provided*, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st. day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And such board shall also during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disquality him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SECTION 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

SECTION 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SECTION 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for CASH.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3—tf Family Grocer.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C. LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increase of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without especially *gassing*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13-211-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD. 1867 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH,

BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rate.

THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following Agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.

FROM NEW YORK,

By the Old Dominion Steamship Co., S. L. McCready, President, Office No 187, Greenwich Street, Corner Dey Street, Pier 37 North River, New York.

FROM BALTIMORE,

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, L. B. Parks Agent, foot of Union Dock, and Brandt's line of Steamers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. B. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia, and Via. Annamessic line.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to R. R. Agents, Portsmouth, Va., and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked.

C. B. ALLEN,
Dec. 5—tf Freight Agt. R & G R R.

NOTICE.

On the 15th. day of August, 1867, at the residence of the late John F. Sanders, Dec'd. in Johnston County, N. C., I will expose to public vendue, on a credit of six months, the personal property of said deceased, consisting of a fine Buggy Horse and

SOME EIGHT OR TEN FINE MULES

about one hundred head of Cattle, among which is a number of Beef Cattle and about thirty head Milch Cows; one hundred head of Hogs; Corn and Fodder; Farming implements; Household and Kitchen Furniture, and other articles unnecessary to mention.

WILLIS H. SAUNDERS, Admr.
July 18-293-tf

DANIEL PRATTS' GINS.

(50 SAWS)

We have one of these *celebrated* and *reliable* Gins in Store, which we will sell at manufacturers, prices, freight added.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 15-291-tf

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 5,000 yds Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep *no time worn or shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

ALEXANDER CREECH.
May 31-250-tf
Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

NO 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

IN STORE,

50 Boxes Window Glass 8x10 and upwards.
40 Cooking Stoves.
Kerosene Oil by the barrel or retail.

J. BROWN,
For HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh, June 22-268-tf

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA,

BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of Real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres N. C. R R Hillsboro.
Hon John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham.
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

PH. THIEM, Agent,
June 28-274-3m Raleigh, N. C.

DR. LAWRENCES,

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

THE GREAT SOUTHERN

Blood and Liver Medicine,

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,

RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

Recommended by distinguished Physicians, Chemists &c., &c.
June 26-271-tf

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.

Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Pangh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jones Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.

Feb 5-145-tf

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

HAVING ATTENDED THE LARGE

Closing Auction Sales

Of the Season last Week, and procured

MANY VERY

DESIRABLE GOODS

SUITED TO THE WANTS OF THIS COMMUNITY, I AM PREPARED TO OFFER THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

DRY GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY!

Among the many to be found, are:

500 yards real silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 25, at 62½ cents.

1,000 yards real Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 50, for 75 cents.

1,000 yards Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $2 50, for $1 00.

Plain Black and solid Colored Grenadines, at correspondingly low prices.

These goods are just the thing for the season and much needed, as they have been very scarce and high.

2,000 yards neat, pretty Dress Goods, in all kinds of thin fabrics, worth 50 to 75 cents, for 25 to 37 cents

The best article for Traveling Dresses I ever saw, worth $1 50 for 62½ to 75 cents.

The most desirable shades of gray and drab Alpacas, at 75 cents to $1 00 per yard.

8-4 White and Black Crape Morein. Also Grenadines.

5,000 yards Black Alpacas: positively the greatest bargains ever offered in this market, at 50, 62½ 75, 87½ cts., and $1; worth in every instance double the money.

3,000 yards Black Silks, of the most approved makes, in Taffetas and Gro Grain, for 1 00, 1 45, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00, and $2,50. These prices are from 50 cents to $1 00 per yard less than any similar goods have been offered in this market.

1,000 Parasols, in every style and variety, about half price—any from $1 50 to $2 50.

Also, Sea-side and Promenade Parasols, very desirable for travelling, watering places, &c.

The largest and finest assortment of Real Point Lace Goods ever offered in Petersburg, for less than half their value.

Real Point Collars!

Real Point Collars and Cuffs!

Real Point Setts!

Real Point Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs!

One real Point Applique Lace Shawl, a very valuable article worth $250.

10,000 yards of magnificent Lawns, from 20 to 50 cents, worth double the price.

The best Lawns ever offered in Petersburg for 25 cents.

1,000 yards Buff Linen Lawn, for Ladies' morning dresses; the most desirable goods in the market.

Also, 5,000 yards of Spanish Linen Linen Coating, Linen Drills and Canvas Cloths, at 25 to 50 cents per yard, worth 50 cts., to $1.

Also, 100 pieces Canton Matting from 37½ to 65 cents per yard. Among them is the XX Imperial, the best Matting made.

It is not necessary to add more, nor to say I am selling lower than any one else. The public are the best judges of this, and I hope they will give their verdict substantially in my favor by their liberal patronage, and I will assure them I will leave no effort untried to please.

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore Street,
June 20-266-tf PETERSBURG, VA.

MISCELLANEOUS

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867. The course of study to be pursued is thorough, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, *U. S. Currency*—For Session of 10 months:

Board, $10.00 per month,	$100.00.
Tuition, College Classes,	40.00.
English Classes, (Preparatory)	30.00.
Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about	25.00.

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion, will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus.

Address,

L. A. BIKLE, A. M.,
Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.
June 14-262-3m

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF

SINKING WELLS,

OR

THE NEW LABOR SAVING

ECONOMICAL PUMPS.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the State.

As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25; No. 2, $30,

WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which was sunk in an hour, and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston, Beaufort, Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exclude any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Newbern, N. C.

TO THE LADIES.

Another lot of T. MILES & SONS' Kid and Morocco Shoes.

ALSO, LACED AND CONGRESS LASTING SHOES.

Also, a beautiful assortment for Misses and Children.

Call and you will return to your homes, saying, "I was lucky in stoping at Cooke's and getting a pair of Miles' Shoes."

July 8-281-tf G. T. COOKE.

FOR SALE

Another large lot of N. C. Cut HERRINGS, in kegs and Bbls.; Family Roe Herrings in kegs and Bbls.; Gross Herrings and Rock in Bbls.

FULLIAM, JONES & CO.
June 8-256-tf Wholesale Grocers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BLUE AND GOLD POETS:

Goldsmith, Wordsworth, Hood, Cowper, Tennyson, Longfellow, Ossian, Halleck, Scott, Meredith, Morris, Milton, Byron, Moore, McCauley, Miss Mulock, Willis, Preston, Burns, Campbell, Hemans, Coleridge.

All just received at our new Store, next to Tuckers' new Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
May 29-249-tf

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th, 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th, 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	9,30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2,30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10,30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3,50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4,50 P. M.
" " leaves "	6,30 A. M.

The mail trains make unknown connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-tf Gen. Supt.
Progress and Standard copy till forbid

DR. WM. LITTLE,

HAS RESUMED THE PRACTICE OF MEDIcine in Raleigh and its vicinity.

OFFICE, at Col. Geo. Little's.

Raleigh, July 3-278-1m

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 18-1y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, via stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-4m*

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD..... Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY, Spotswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES,
IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

SOUTHAMPTON BRANDY!

FINE OLD RYE WHISKEY!!

I have in Store a few Barrels of Fine WHISKEY and old Apple BRANDY, above Proof, which I will sell in quantities exceeding one gallon.

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 15-290-tf Market Square.

COMMISSIONERS OF CLAIMS.

This Commission will be open for the reception of Claims, until the 22nd. inst.—after which date their labors will be confined to the special adjustment of the claims that will have been at that time presented.

JAS. C. HARPER, Ch'n.
July 11-287-td
Progress, Standard and Register copy til day.

BRASS PAD LOCKS, FOR DOG COLLARS.

J. BROWN,
June 29-271-tf With HART & LEWIS.

GRAIN CRADLES.

Another supply of Sinclairs 6 Finger Grain Cradles received and for sale at manufacturers prices.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
June 19-266-tf Agent.

BELMONT SCHOOL,

Granville County, N. C.

The FALL SESSION of 1867 begins July 11th.

Boys arriving at Henderson, N. C. at the proper time, will find prompt conveyance.

For Circulars, address,

R. H. GRAVES,
June 28-272-2wdaw1m Oxford, N. C.

100 REAMS BEST WRAPPING PAPER 100 lbs. Twine to be sold cheap.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 16-291-tf
Standard and Progress copy.

TO MILLERS.

I need a Practical Miller at once, and will pay a liberal price for one that can conduct the business of a Manufacturing Mill.

Early application is desired.

Apply to me at Ridgeway, N. C., Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road.

July 11-287-sedtw W. F. COLLINS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY BEAUTIFUL

PAINTINGS, OIL PORTRAITS, PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, June 4-253-tf

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-213-6m*

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally pure flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed, Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot, Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon, Mace,
" Citronella, Nutmegs,
" Cloves, Angelica Root,
" Geranium, Orrice "
" Lemon, Snake "
" Mirbane, Valerian "
" Neroli, Aniseed "
" Sassafras, Cardamon Seed,
" Wintergreen, Coriander "
Allspice, Fennel,
Cinnamon Bark, Gum Arabic,
Cloves, Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell very low.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of North Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd.—The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & K. S. TUCKER.
mar 3-175-tf

ATTENTION PHYSICIANS.

A Physician, enjoying a good practice in a thriving Village of 1500 inhabitants, on the Central N. C. R. R., is desirous of selling his house and lot, together with his good will, to some reliable and intelligent Physician, as he desires to go into other business.

For particulars, apply at
June 28-273-1m THIS OFFICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the County Court of Washington County, May Term 1867, I shall expose for sale, on Tuesday, 20th. August, 1867, at the Court House door in the Town of Plymouth, the undivided interest of Joseph B. Roulhac, deceased, (which is the one half,) in the swamp known as the "ROULHAC SWAMP" in Washington County—lying on the Turnpike and adjoining the lands of S. H. Mellen, Hardy Everett, and others, containing, by survey,

FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN ACRES.

Said Swamp has a considerable quantity of Cypress Timber, has a fertile soil and presents every advantage, with sufficient draining, for one of the finest farms in the country.

TERMS: A credit of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with Two Hundred Dollars cash to pay costs and charges.

JOSHUA S. SWIFT,
Administrator, &c.
Plymouth, N. C. July 5-281-4aw5w*

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and for use in cases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

B. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED.

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In exhaustion, attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact wherever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

B. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$1.00
For two months	2.00
Three months	2.5
six months	5.00
One year	10 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5.00
" " six months	2.50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3.00
" " six months	1.50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES,
EDITORS.

MONDAY, JULY 22, 1867.

REGISTER! REGISTER! REGISTER!

Gen. Sickles will no doubt, in a short time, issue his order for Registration, and will specify, we trust definitely, so as to be fully understood by every one, who are entitled to *register* and *vote*. So soon as the day arrives for the registration, we beg and implore every man, thus entitled, to go and *register*. Let nothing but severe sickness, or disqualification under the law, prevent you from registering.

RECONSTRUCTION SETTLED.

Our telegraphic news announced, on Saturday, that the supplementary reconstruction bill, passed at the present session of Congress, had become a law, by more than a two-thirds vote over the President's veto. So far as the Southern people are concerned, the supplementary bill does not more seriously affect them than the Reconstruction Acts did, as interpreted previously by the District Commanders, unless it shall hereafter appear that the conduct of the Registrars, under the express language of the new supplementary bill, may result in the stifling and suppression of the voice of the people, by an improper use of their power, preventing those from voting who are expressly allowed by the Reconstruction Acts themselves. We, however, anticipate such clear instructions to the Registrars, from Gen. Sickles, our District Commander, as will prevent, in this District, any great evil from this source.

There are *new principles* asserted in the act, from which we dissent, but it has become a law and thereby cuts off further discussion. The acts will be fully carried out according to the intent of Congress, agreeably to the interpretations of the District Commanders. We have not doubted this from the first, and we have been surprised at the unfounded and groundless assertions which have been made, that there are persons in this State, who aim to concentrate and intensify opposition to the Congressional scheme. We do not know any person, nor have we heard, from any responsible source, of any person, who meditates any such course. We know that gentlemen differ in opinion with us, as to the propriety of any one's co-operating in promoting the Congressional platform, by *voting* to carry it out, who does not conscientiously embrace it, as wise, sound and proper under the circumstances; but we have seen no evidence, whatever, on the part of any person, private or official, that any purpose had been formed to oppose or interfere in any wise with the full execution of the law. Persons have their private opinions as to the wisdom, utility and constitutionality of the law, yet no one proposes to obstruct, in any way, its execution, that we are aware of, except they should in our judgment act so unwisely as to refuse to *register* and to *vote*.

Believing, from the first, that the Congressional platform, as originally projected, would be certainly carried out, unless Congress chose to defeat it itself by subsequent action, we have seen but one of two courses to be pursued wisely by the Southern people. The first is, that every man entitled to vote should *register* and co-operate with those, in good faith, who are pledged to carry out the Congressional platform as laid down,—nothing more, nothing less. This we have time and again announced to be our purpose, and nothing that we have said, on other phases of the subject, has intimated, on our part, any departure from this purpose. The second course is, that any citizen, entitled to vote, who cannot do so consistently, should at least *register*, and then be a silent spectator.

Finally, believing that the great body of the Northern people, and a majority of the Republican party, desire speedy reconstruction, and believing that the material interests of the South depend, in a great measure, if not wholly, upon early restoration, we shall co-operate with all parties and all classes, and we advise all voters to do so, to carry out and effect that reconstruction, as soon as possible, on the Congressional platform. But, in doing so, we desire it to be distinctly understood, that we neither ignore nor compromise our own principles, nor do we unite our destiny with any party.—We solemnly believe that the Southern people should not form an alliance with any Northern party in existence—that propriety strictly forbids it, until we are acknowledged, by the Congress, to be a people, endowed with those rights and franchises which belong to American citizens, and our State is acknowledged to be an equal in the Union.

We can co-operate with any and all honest, good conservative men to carry out the Congressional platform, without forming a party; or if a conservative man cannot be made available in any County of the State, to effect reconstruction, then we will select the most available honest, moderate Republican, opposed to ultra measures in State organization, to effect the object, in opposition to those who advocate extreme measures. This is our position, and any thing which may be said by others to the contrary is false and unfounded. And every man in North Carolina can do this, without in any way identifying himself or forming alliances with the Republican or any other party.

WE PUBLISH the article, on our first page, from the New York *Herald*, for the sake of its vaticinations only. In much else that it says the *Herald* is in error, as it generally is.

The Austrian Parliament votes to retain capital punishment.

"ST. AUGUSTINE NORMAL SCHOOL AND COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE."

We published, on yesterday, an advertisement announcing the charter of a company, formed by leading ministers and laymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this Diocese, for the establishment and conduct of a school with the above title, for the education of colored males as teachers and as ministers of the Gospel. Rev. Dr. Smith, of New York, who has been the prime worker in this movement, we learn, has succeeded in raising $50,000 already for the objects of this institution.

Our attention has been called by Rev. Dr Smith to the following by-law, adopted by the Trustees: "No applicant for admission shall be excluded, on account of any bias, sect, or party of religious belief."

We do not view such a proposition with the slightest prejudice or disfavor; so far from it, we are glad to see an experiment, about the success of which there are many doubts, begun under auspices which afford promise of success. The institution is to be located in this city, and is the first attempt made to benefit the colored race by our Northern friends, in which they have generously confided the management of their funds, and committed their benevolent designs, to the control of Southern gentlemen, former owners of the blacks, and who, of all others, are most likely to have a proper care for them.

It is a movement, too, in the right direction—to educate, civilize and christianize this race, and fit them the better to exercise those political franchises which the Congress has conferred upon them, and to which they so readily and ambitiously, and, at present, so unworthily aspire. Had the government, at the close of the war, after freeing the blacks, at once encouraged the several Christian denominations and the whites generally, residing in the South, to educate them in Christian and high moral principles—to institute a proper system of regulated and skillful labor among them, and to teach them the obligations of citizens, before conferring upon them, in their ignorant and degraded condition, generally speaking, the highest muniments of citizenship, while it would not have cost half the money already expended for their benefit and protection, we should have had strong hopes yet of the Southern States and of Southern society.—But the attempt to promote manhood and civilization and citizenship, without regard to intelligence or merit, by raising this debased mass instantly to an elevation which the proudest and best of American citizens have heretofore only attained by a course of hard training, is simply putting the pyramid upon its point, and antagonizing all experience and all history. Nothing but the interference of a gracious Providence, sanctioning and promoting the efforts of Northern and Southern christian people, properly to instruct and train the colored race for a higher destiny, can ward off and modify the multitudinous evils which have been engendered and promoted by the dazzling, yet false, lights, which have been shed upon the negro's vision by the unwise policy of the Congress. Faint and dubious as the prospect of good may be, arising from institutions like the above, under the present aspects of the situation, we nevertheless bid them God speed.

In the attempt to harmonize and render fit for citizenship the Indian tribes of the United States, many years ago, under the administration of Mr. Jefferson, artisans, mechanics, agriculturalists and school-teachers, were sent out to each tribe to civilize them; but he sent no God, no Bible and no Gospel as the pioneers and moulders of civilization. Their history proves they have never recovered from the blunder. A blunder of still greater magnitude, portending the most serious consequences, has the government now made, by conferring the franchises of a high civilization upon the negro race, before they have barely entered the threshold of preparation for it.

"COME OUT boldly and maintain the Republican party."

Such is the exhortation of the Newbern *Republican* to the Editors of the *Sentinel*. We beg to be excused.

It is worthy of observation that the paper in question does not invite us to endorse or defend any *principle*, but asks us to maintain and support the Republican "*party*." The omission is well.

We have, upon several occasions, requested the exponents of Radicalism in this State to define what *are* the distinctive principles of their faith. And we ask again, *what* do they hold to be sound political *doctrine?*

So far as we can see, the sole point upon which the Radical party stands as a unit, is the assertion of plenary rights of conquest over the Southern people. Can that be a *principle*, which is only the offspring of passion, vindictiveness or party lust? Can any true or genuine Southern man—can any honest, consistent friend of the constitution and the Union—can any lover of his race,—affiliate with an organization, whose only vitality consists in the oppression and degradation of the white people of ten States of the Union, for the accomplishment of which all the safe-guards of the Constitution are ruthlessly trampled under foot? *We* cannot and we will not.

The Republican party cannot diverge from the one point we have mentioned, without being confronted with imminent dissolution. Its elements are not in harmony on the tariff, the currency, confiscation, impeachment, or even the general subject of suffrage. Beyond the purpose we have stated, which is regarded as necessary to the continued possession of power and the spoils, there is nothing but discord, division and antagonism in the ranks of Radicalism. There never has been in this country before, even in the wildest days of political intolerance and excitement, a "party," so utterly without *principles*, and so exclusively held together by the "cohesive power of public plunder."

Prentice says that Brownlow has always been bidding his Tennessee opponents to "go to hell." As they wouldn't do it, he has accomplished his purpose by making a hell of the State they live in.

ELIGIBILITY OF NEGROES TO OFFICE.

We observe that this question occasions some discussion at the North, *pro.* and *con.* The Richmond *Dispatch*, and our neighbor, the *Progress*, think the question of negro qualification for office settled against them, by the fact that Mr. Sumner introduced in the Senate, the other day, "a bill for the further securing of equal rights in the District of Columbia," as follows:

"*Be it enacted, etc.*, That in the District of Columbia no person shall be excluded from any office by reason of race or color, and all laws making any such discrimination are hereby repealed."

We differ with our cotemporaries. A law, such as the one granting suffrage to negroes in the District of Columbia, which simply conferred the right of suffrage or the right to vote, does not by consequence confer the right to hold office. It is a distinct franchise, and follows from the abrogation of all laws which require the office-holder to be a *white* man, provided the colored man has the other qualifications required by law.

But during the provisional condition of the States, the Reconstruction Acts seem to confer the right to hold office upon all voters, who can take the requisite oath. At least, so far as District No. 2, is concerned, the matter is settled by Gen. Sickles, who seems so to interpret the Reconstruction Acts, by General Orders No. 32, the first section of which reads thus:

1. Any citizen, a qualified voter according to the requirements of the Act provided for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2nd., 1867, and the act supplemental thereto, passed March 23rd., 1867, is eligible to office in the Provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the act aforesaid and to file the same duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

Office, in any government, ought to be the reward of *merit*, and not a mere franchise accruing to an authorized voter or to simple citizenship. Hence all governments usually guard the approaches to office or to places of trust or profit, by such conditions as will ordinarily secure a good officer. No one can doubt the propriety of this. But during our provisional state, when all classes of persons are declared to have no rights except such as Congress chooses to confer upon us, the idea of merit is excluded. It is hoped, however, that, in the selection of persons to fill places of trust and responsibility, the voters, both white and black, will determine to make *real merit* the ground of selecting any one to fill any position.

VIRGINIA EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.—This body convened at Lynchburg on the 16th. Dr. John B. Minor, of the University of Virginia, was elected President.

Dr. Sears, Agent of the Peabody Fund, addressed the Association and the general public in the Second Presbyterian Church. He said he was travelling about in the endeavor to decide whether the Peabody fund had best be applied to the endowment of primary schools, normal schools, or academies and colleges. He did not intimate what view of the matter he is now inclined to favor.

A report, prepared by Gen. Lee, on the subject of school discipline, was listened to with marked attention and respect.

The General, in a letter expressing regret at his inability to be present at the Convention, says:

"I had hoped to have been present at the meeting of the Educational Association in Lynchburg, and had proceed as far as Bedford county on my way, but have been obliged to return. Having been indisposed for some weeks, I thought a journey on horseback by easy stages would restore me, but have been disappointed.

"I regret that I have been prevented from meeting the gentlemen of the Association, whose acquaintance I wished to have formed, and from testifying by my presence the interest I felt in the cause of education."

FALL TERM OF SUPERIOR COURTS.

The Judges of the Superior Courts in this State have arranged their ridings for the Fall terms, as follows:

1st	Circuit, Judge	Barnes.
2nd	" "	Shipp.
3rd	" "	Gilliam.
4th	" "	Mitchell.
5th	" "	Warren.
6th	" "	Fowle.
7th	" "	Merrimon.
8th	" "	Buxton.

For the Sentinel.

HISTORY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The *Sentinel*, Warrenton *Indicator*, and other papers in the State, have recently called attention to the importance of a faithful history of North Carolina. Doubtless every intelligent native citizen has more or less felt this want. It is hoped that the Press will keep this subject before the public mind, until some competent person can be induced to undertake the labor of love. Have we not, in North Carolina, some one capable and willing to complete the work commenced by the lamented Dr. Hawks? He proposed to write the history of the State during the four distinct periods of its government.—He was called away when his task was but half done—his second volume finishing the history of the State up to the close of the Proprietary government in 1729. The history of the two remaining, and perhaps more important, periods—that under the Royal government and that as a Republic—is yet to be written.

I think I can name a man in every respect adequate to the task. *Gov. Swain* is, perhaps, more familiar with the history of North Carolina than any citizen in it. An intimate friend of Dr. Hawks, he is in every way qualified to complete his unfinished work. He has a fondness for historical research and an adaptation to it. He has ready access to all the necessary materials. His style as a writer is chaste and perspicuous. He enjoys the respect and esteem of a large number of young men in the State who have had, to some extent, the benefit of his instructions in North Carolina history, and, for this reason, such a work from his pen would be doubly acceptable to them. Cannot the Press of North Carolina call out Gov. Swain on this subject?

OXFORD.

While ten men watch for chances, one man makes chances, and while ten wait for something to turn up, one turns something up: so, while ten fail, one succeeds and is called a man of luck or favorite of fortune. There is no luck like pluck, and fortune most favors those who are most indifferent to fortune.

STATE ITEMS.

—The Fayetteville *News* contains a full report of a speech delivered by Capt. Benj. Robinson, of the Wilmington *Dispatch*, in Fayetteville, a few days since, before a large number of citizens, on the subject of registration. The *News* says:

"We publish elsewhere, in full, the able speech of Capt. Benj. Robinson, of the Wilmington *Dispatch*, before a large crowd of our fellow citizens on Saturday afternoon, July 13th, at 4½ o'clock, under the Market House. Believing the matter of Registration to be of the greatest importance, and fearing that many of our people were falling into indifference regarding the imperative duty of registering, a committee of gentlemen of Fayetteville waited on Mr. Robinson inviting him to deliver a public address on this important matter.

"In compliance with the request of the Committee, Mr. Robinson spoke before a large crowd, for about an hour, giving great satisfaction, and being listened to with much interest. Our readers will appreciate the sound judgment and views as embraced in this address. The speech was reported for the *News* by a regular press reporter."

—Bishop Atkinson preached in Lincolnton, on the 14th, and confirmed seven persons. He also preached in Charlotte on Thursday, and administered the rite to three persons.

—A base ball club has been formed at Ashville.

—The Lincoln *Courier* states that Lieutenant T. D. McAlpine, U. S. Army, has been assigned as Assistant Sub-Assistant Commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, embracing the District including Lincoln, Catawba and Cleaveland Counties, Headquarters at Lincolnton, and that he has entered upon the duties of his office.

—The Charlotte *Guardian* says that there is, in that City, as liberal, benevolent and patriotic a class of Jews as can be found anywhere in the known world.

—The following is a list of sufferers by the late disastrous conflagration in Tarboro. We copy from the *Southerner*:

"E. Rosenthal, Real Estate and goods, $7,000, fully insured.

E. Cromwell, Real Estate, $3,000, no insurance.

B. J. Keech, Real Estate and goods, $6,000, covered by $4,000 insurance.

Lord & Smith, Goods, $500, no insurance.

J. A. Williamson, Real Estate, $3,000, no insurance.

Wiley Walston, Real Estate, $3,000, no insurance.

Wm. M. Pippin, Real Estate, $2,500, fully insured.

Estate of S. Hicks, Real Estate, $2,500, no insurance.

Mrs. S. S. Hicks, Real Estate and furniture, $3,400, no insurance.

Express office, $200.

James Magee, notes and accounts, $1,500.

Jno. Ward, Furniture, etc., $300.

Zeller & Williams, Goods, &c., $3,000, not insured.

Dr. T. R. Micks, Furniture, &c., $200.

Chamberlain, Rawls & Co., $100, insured.

J. Harriss & Co., Goods &c., $500, not insured.

Cobb, King & Co., Goods, &c., $1,500, not insured.

Coffield & Thigpen, Goods, &c., $500, not insured.

Jno. W. Lipscombe, Goods, &c., $500, insured."

—The Lincoln *Courier* gives an account of a late Radical *pow-wow* in Shelby, Cleaveland County. It says:

"We learn that on Saturday last, Mr. Jas. Marsh, of Lincolnton, having become impressed with the importance of making speeches, undertook to be a champion for the Radical party in that section of country and attempted to enlighten the supposed ignorance of the people of Cleaveland County. Through the brilliancy of his matchless oratory and transcendent statesmanlike abilities, he ventured so far as to assert, as facts, some things which every school boy knew to be bosh—mere nonsense.

"After Mr. Marsh finished his maiden effort, Col. Leroy McAfee, by way of amusement, taught Mr. Marsh a short lesson which it is presumed will be a benefit to him in his future peregrinations.

"Perhaps such Falls as Mr. Marsh encountered will be avoided by him in the future."

—The Goldsboro *Morning Star*, which has been, of late, in a series of trenchant articles, dissecting the testimony of certain "foul birds" from this State before the Congressional Reconstruction Committee, thus takes leave of Mr. Hope Bain, of that town, whose whole evidence was one mass of disgusting falsehood:

"And did we honestly believe that the witness under consideration, had the least spark of conscience or the remotest perception of truth and error, we would willingly leave him to the necessary tortures of that conscience; but, not so believing, we consign him to the place which he has always occupied in the esteem of this community—that is their unqualified scorn and unmingled contempt. Had he confined himself to his accustomed avocation of playing the journey man for the devil, as a cloak for his begging, he might have died as he had lived, an obscure mendicant; but as the defamer and slanderer of a people on whose charities he had for many years supported himself and family, he has raised himself to a pinnacle of shame, higher and more odious than Haman's gallows."

THE EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.—It appears from the reported proceedings in Congress yesterday, that General Butler took occasion to *uabottle* himself and pour out the vials of his long pent-up wrath unstintedly upon the *National Intelligencer*. The occasion was, altogether, disproportioned to the vigor of the attack. He shall, however, have a Roland for his Oliver as soon as we can find room for it, and we promise that he shall be more thoroughly ashamed of his unprovoked and indiscreet assault than he has ever been for the Big Bethel blunder or the Fort Fisher fiasco—*National Intelligencer*.

UNION LEAGUES AT THE SOUTH.—Mr. Conway, who lately went South under the auspices of the Union League and the Congressional committee, has just made his report. He states that there are 2,000 Union Leagues in full operation in the eleven Southern States, with a membership of 200,000 loyal voters, and that no other organization can, in the present condition of affairs, do the work required in the interests of the loyal cause in that section. Senator Wilson and other members of Congress desire him to return South without delay, to further prosecute the work in which he has been engaged—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Tribune, July 16.*

The Paris *Moniteur* says that Chili and Peru have accepted the mediation of the United States in their war difficulties with Spain, with certain reservations.

MARRIED,

On the 18th. inst., in St. John's Church, by the Rev. R. E. Terry, Dr. H. H. Robinson, formerly of Bladen county, N. C., to Millegan, eldest daughter of N. N. Nixon, Esq., of Wilmington.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREATEST BARGAINS

OF THE SEASON.

2000 Yds. Calicoes, fast Colors, 10 and 12½c.
1,000 Yds. Fine Pacific Lawns, 1400 Cloth, 20c.
3-4 Lenos—good styles, 25 to 30c.
Shepherd plaid Mozambiques, 30 to 40c.
6-4 Linens—6 yards makes a full dress, at 60c.

CALL AND TAKE A LOOK

before we sell them all out
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, July 22-295-tf

GREAT REDUCTION

IN THE PRICES OF

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Good bleached Shirtings, 12½c, 15c and 20c.
4-4 Brown Sheetings, 15 to 18c.
Good 10-4 Bleached Sheetings, 60c.

WE OFFER OUR

ENTIRE STOCK

AT GREATLY REDUCED

PRICES.

Call and see for yourselves.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, July 22-295-tf

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d. Congressional District.
Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
July 22-294-tf

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, but there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

REV. S. MILTON FROST,
July 22-296-2awtO1 President.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store*," *No 1, Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc, which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellanous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City references, will be promptly attended to, by addressing,

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.
July 22-294-3m

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MECHANics' Tools and supplies. General Hardware. Guano, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Paint Oil, Belting &c., &c.
mar 30-199-1t

ST. CLEMENT'S HALL.

A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ELLICOTTS MILLS, MD.,

(NEAR BALTIMORE.)

THIS SCHOOL WAS ESTABLISHED FOR the purpose of enabling Southern Boys, at a comparatively moderate cost, to enjoy all the advantages that are afforded in the best and most expensive Northern schools.

It has been, already, eminently successful.—The Hall is a large and beautiful edifice. The Household is under the immediate charge of the Rector and his wife. The pupils are all received as members of the family; strict attention is given to their health, personal habits and to the cultivation of courteous manners, while every care is taken to unites the comforts of a home, with the strict discipline of a School. In these respects, this Institution claims to have no superior in the country.

The Teachers are all gentlemen of fine classical attainments, and the instruction is of the most thorough kind.

Circulars, containing full particulars, with references and list of pupils, will be sent to any address.

REV. J. AVERY SHEPHERD, A. M., Rector.

REFER to Bishop Atkinson, and the Clergy of N. C; Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee; Bishop Wilmer, of Ala; Bishop Wilmer, of La; Gen'l Joe. E. Johnston; Gen'l Wade Hampton, S. C.
July 20-295-3m

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

HAS NO STOCK CAPITAL; THE FIFTEEN Million Dollars, assets, all belong to, and are under the control of, its Policy holders, which now exceed 44,000, and notwithstanding the payment of a sixty per cent dividend last year, and over 1,020,000 dollars to widows and orphans, there is now a surplus of over

6,000,000 DOLLARS.

This Company's Notes cannot be *assessed*, (nor even deducted from the Policy, as in a Stock Company, in case of death,) except on the limited endowment plan, but are canceled by anticipated dividends.

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms.

No extra charge made on policy holders, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

The undersigned will take pleasure in explaining and proving any of his statements.

☞ All persons contemplating Life Insurance are requested, and will find it to their interest, to contrast other Companies, represented in this State, with the Conn. Mutual, as published in the Reports of the Insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.

Office with P. F. Pescud, Agent Raleigh and Vicinity.
July 18-293-3m

BOOK STORE.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS.

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to
P. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or
SEATON GALES,
July 4-280-eod3m Agent for Raleigh.

MISCELLANEOUS.

VINE HILL ACADEMY.

A Vacancy having occured in the above institution, the Trustees wish to engage teachers for the male and female departments for the balance of the year.

Application must be made immediately, as it is desirable that the school shall commence by the 15th. August.

Address the undersigned at Halifax, N. C.

WM. R. SMITH, Prest.
Scotland Neck, N. C. July 16-291-2awlm.

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.

ALL APPLICANTS ARE RECEIVED WHO are actually prepared for the collegiate course in one or all of its Departments, or who are intending to prepare for the same

The Collegiate course may be pursued with reference to an education purely Scientific or purely Classical. Each of the leading degrees conferred at graduation, however, requires such a blending of the studies of both branches, as will entitle its receiver to take rank as a scholar.

A student, provided he be fully employed, may devote himself to any one of the four Departments exclusively, and upon satisfactorily completing the studies of that Department will receive a degree of Proficient therein. The Faculty, however, recommend all whose time and talents will allow, to diversify their studies as far as possible. None under age are permitted to change the course selected without written instruction from parents or guardians.

THE DEPARTMENTS ARE:

I. Of Languages Ancient and Modern,	Prof. W. Royall and Adj. Prof. W. B. Royall.
II. Of Mathematics.	Prof. W. G. Simmons and Adj. Prof. L. R. Mills.
III. Nat. Science—Prof.	W. G. Simmons.
IV. Of Belles Lettres—President W. M. Wingate.	

The Fall Term opens on 1st. day of Sept. 1867. Tuition (Fall Term) in Preparatory School $22.00.

" " Collegiate Course $30.00.

Board (table fare) per month $10, 12½ and 15.

Room rent, servant's hire, lights, washing, and fuel are extra, and may be had on reasonable terms.

W. ROYALL, Sec. Fac.
June 29-275-d1aw2m

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE!

AT COST!!

FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY!!!

IN consequence of the daily decline of Goods, I have resolved to offer to the Public,

AT COST,

all of my fine and well selected stock of

DRESS GOODS,

of every description

PRINTS,

of the newest patterns,

SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS,

of the most celebrated brands,

HATS and BONNETS,

of the latest styles,

RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, &c.,

in great variety.

SILK SACQUES AND MANTLES,

Hosiery, Gloves, Hoop and Balmoral Skirts, &c. &c.

Together with a full and complete stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

SHOES,

of the best make.

TRUNKS and VALISES,

for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Remember this is no humbug, as the above Goods will be sold

AT COST,

For thirty days only;

And you will not have another chance very soon to buy your goods as cheap.

Come one and all, and look at the prices for yourself.

M. ROSENBAUM'S.
Raleigh, July 2-277-tf

TO ADVERTISERS.

HAVING secured the publication of of TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC, for 1868, from W. S. Mason, Administrator, (which will be issued next month,) merchants, and others, desiring to advertise in its pages, are requested to address me at once. Price per page, $40; per half page, $20; per quarter, $10.

Turner's Almanac has a circulation co-extensive with the limits of North Carolina. A book of constant reference, it is purchased by every class of our people.

J. W. HOLDEN.
July 20-295-tf.

FAMILY GROCERS.

NOTICE!!!

My Store having been repaired, and my new Stock having arrived, I am again prepared to furnish my customers

"CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES."

I invite attention to the following carefully selected articles:

Prime Southampton Bacon,
No. 1 Refined Lard, (25 lb. Kegs,)
Family Flour,
Bolted Meal,
Java, Laguyra and Rio Coffees,
Fine old Teas,
Sugars of all grades,
Molasses and Syrup,
Family Roe Herring,
Rice, Salt,
Soap, Starch, &c.

All of which I will sell at lowest market price.

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 13-289-tf Market Square.

PRIME CHEWING TOBACCO!

We have just received a very choice article of

Extra Sun Cured Chewing Tobacco,

Superior to that announced a week ago. Try it by all means.

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 2-277-tf

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!

Another lot PRIME CORN, just received, which will be sold at lowest market price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 9-285-tf Market Square.

HOES! WEEDING HOES! HILLING HOES!

Twelve Dozen "Elwell's" WEEDING AND HILLING HOES, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, for sale at reduced price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 9-285-tf Market Square.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOS. F. HELLEN. EUG. M. WILLIAMS.

HELLEN & WILLIAMS,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

COURT HOUSE BUILDING,

NEWBERN, N. C.
July 19-294-6m

MISSES' HEELED KID SLIPPERS,

WITH ROSETTES,

Sizes 11 to 1,—at 75c per pair
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
July 19-294-tf

LADIES' SEWED MORROCO BOOTEES, $1.25 to $1.50.

ALSO,

A large stock of Shoes, which we are closing out at greatly *reduced prices*.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
July 19-294-tf

WM. LAMB,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

NORFOLK, Va.

FOR the sale of Cotton, Tobacco—Logs, Strips, Smoking and Leaf—Wheat, Flour, Corn, Dried Fruit, and all other country products,

In the Markets of

NORFOLK, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Also Agents for Norfolk & Liverpool Steamers.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

WE HAVE ASSOCIATED WITH US C. E. DUNN, OF NORTH CAROLINA, who will call on his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and will be pleased to give all desired information by addressing him, care of B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.
July 19-294-3m

LIME.

An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $14.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station.

Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station, N. C.
June 26-271-6m

WARM SPRINGS,

MADISON COUNTY, N. C.

THIS pleasant Summer Resort has been newly refitted, and is now open for visitors.

Board, per Month	$50 00
" " Week	15 00
" " Day	3 00

July 17-292-2w

FOR SALE.

The Subscriber has for sale a fine yoke of OXEN, and CART. Also, two or three good Milk Cows, that he will sell on moderate terms.

W. GASTON BANKS.
Clayton, N. C. July 12-288-2w

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, AT RICHMOND,

SESSION OF 1867.

The next ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES will commence on the first day of October, 1867, and continue until the 1st. of March, making a term of five months.

D. H. Tucker, M. D.	Prof. of the Practice Med.	
H. H. Wellford, M. D.	"	Materia Medica, &c.
L. S. Joynes, M. D.	"	Physiology, &c.
James B. McCaw, M. D.	"	Chemistry.
Hunter McGuire, M. D.	"	Surgery.
F. D. Cunningham, M. D.	"	Anatomy.
E. S. Gaillard, M. D.	"	General Pathology, &c.
J. H. White, M. D.,	Demonstrator of Anatomy.	

Every necessary means will be employed by the Faculty for the illustration of the lectures. Ample facilities will be afforded for the prosecution of Practical Anatomy.

Clinical Instruction at the Howard's Grove Hospital, the College Hospital, and the Richmond City Dispensary, located in the College building.

FEES: Matriculation $5; Professors' tickets, each, $15; Demonstrator of Anatomy, $10; Graduation, $30. Board may be obtained in Richmond at from $5 to $7 per week.

The Catalogue, containing full information, will be sent to those desiring it, on application to

L. S. JOYNES, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.
July 17-292-3taw2w2m

FARMER'S HALL,

RALEIGH, N. C.

In store, at manufacturers' prices with freight only added:

Sinclair's 20 Inch Wheat Thresher,
" Dixie Wheat Fan,
Clemmons, Brown & Co's Cotton Gin,
Sinclair's & Smith's celebrated Cutting Knives,
March's Cotton Plows and Corn and Cotton Cultivators,
Smiths' New Coulter Corn Cultivators,
Richmond Kentucky, No. 0, and T. S. Plows and Castings,
Scully's Improved Apple Mill, and Cider Press &c.

Orders for any implements solicited and goods sent to any point on the Rail Roads.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Agent & Commission Merchant.
July 16-291-tf.

THE VERY BEST.

We have just received a supply of the justly celebrated,

CYGNET CHEWING TOBACCO,

Apply early.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 15-290-tf Wholesale Grocers.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 each or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they want to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, JULY 22, 1867.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The next scholastic year of Goldsboro' Female College,—an excellent institution, under the control of the Rev. S. Milton Frost, President,—will begin on Monday, September 30th. See announcement.

Professional Card: John W. Hinsdale, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

Jas. H. Enniss, Esq., late of Salisbury, having purchased the large, varied and valuable stock of the North Carolina Publishing Company, will keep up the "North Carolina Book Store," at the old and well known stand, in all its departments. Mr. Enniss brings to the business great experience and energy.

Agricultural Ware House, Economical Labor Saving Pump and Well: Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

Great Bargains, Great Reduction in prices: W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co.

THE EXECUTIVE MANSION.—This building has been surrendered to the State authorities. The Military Head quarters, we learn, have been transferred to the late residence of A. M. Lewis, Esq., in the northern part of the City, near the Peace Institute,—it having been rented for that purpose.

THE MEMORIAL CEMETERY.—An officer of the Federal Army, recently in this City, remarked that his duties had carried him over the greater part of the country, North and South, and that the Confederate Cemetery here was the loveliest spot, appropriated to such purposes, he had anywhere seen.—Under the diligent auspices of the ladies, and the tasteful culture of Mr. Walters, the Superintendent, it is daily becoming more and more beautiful.

IT IS the concurrent testimony of the traveling public, that Raleigh has the best Hotel in the South,—the Yarborough, kept by Maj. Blair. We have heard this opinion frequently expressed of late; and we believe in giving credit where it is so justly due.

THE RALEIGH SENTINEL.—To our friends in this section who wish to take a daily or tri-weekly paper that will give them the very latest news, we commend the Raleigh *Sentinel*. We depend almost entirely on it for our most important news, as it provides it two days later than any other paper we receive. The *Sentinel* is ably conducted, and deserves an extensive circulation.—*Asheville News.*

We make our acknowledgments to friend Stokes, whose compliment we can conscientiously reciprocate. He is giving our mountain friends the best paper ever published in that section of the State.

"ONE OF THE CROWD" furnishes us a rich and racy sketch of a late political gathering at Durham's. It shall appear to-morrow.

MAIL LINE FROM NORFOLK TO LIVERPOOL—DIRECT TRADE.—Colonel Lamb has now succeeded in establishing between Norfolk and Liverpool "*The United States Mail Line to Liverpool*," which, we presume, may be regarded as a permanent institution. The steamship Worcester, of the new line, will leave this City for Liverpool, *direct*, on the 24th instant.

In the fall, a steamer of this line will leave Liverpool for Norfolk, direct, regularly every month. This is certainly most encouraging in the midst of our troubles, which, we trust, time will soon remove. The efforts of such men in a struggling community are incalculable; and, indeed, upon them depends a city's progress and prosperity. Direct trade is now an accomplished fact.—*Norfolk Journal, 17th.*

A Detroit burglar, after lately rummaging through a house occupied only by a lady and her daughter, entered their chamber, frightened them with a display of his pistol into keeping quiet, and at the request of one of the ladies, brought a glass of water to her bedside. He then sat down by the window, lighted his cigar, and, engaging the ladies in a very civil and polite but on their part most unwilling conversation until daylight was breaking, departed quietly with his plunder.

The Mobile *Register* (John Forsyth, editor) says: "In May, 1846, Fort Brown, on the west bank of the Rio Grande, was invested by the Mexican forces. Among the defenders was Capt. Braxton Bragg, of the U. S. Artillery. Among the *deserters* was a negro servant of Capt. Bragg, who made his escape to the Mexican lines. Gen. Bragg, who fought for 'the flag' with distinguished gallantry, is now a disfranchised 'rebel.' His negro servant, who deserted the same flag in a fright and joined the army of its enemies, is one of the Board of Registration for the county of Mobile."

Gen. Sheridan wrote a letter declining to attend the laying of a corner stone of a Soldier's Monument, in Detroit, on the Fourth, for the reason that the war with him had not got closed, and prevented the gratification of the desired pleasure.

From the Paterson (N. J.) Guardian, July 6th.

THE BURNING OF BRENHAM, TEXAS —A NORTHERN MAN'S ACCOUNT OF THE AFFAIR.

"Mr. McAusland, well known to our people, and a highly respectable citizen, formerly of this city, and latterly of Texas, has arrived here. We believe he thinks Texas used up as a place for white men in the future. Before he came away he saw a jury in the court-house composed of eleven negroes and one white man. This was now nothing uncommon.

Mr. McAusland brings the correct account of the atrocities now practiced upon the whites by the negroes, instigated by the troops. He gives full particulars of the burning of the town of Brenham, in Washington county. The first trouble occurred at a private invitation ball given by a party of young men, who had taken their sisters and sweethearts to the hall hired for the purpose. In the midst of their enjoyment the officers of the troops stationed in the vicinity attempted to gain admission, and afterwards brought in five negro wenches, whom they insisted on having admitted promiscuously in the dances. Of course this produced trouble. The young men protested, and declared the negro wenches must not only keep out of the quadrilles, but leave the room, as it was a private ball. The officers declared they should keep their black partners in the room, and, also, that they should be admitted indiscriminately to the dances. The white girls declined to dance in the quadrilles with the negro wenches, and were about to retire, when they were insulted by the officers; this produced a rumpus—the young men of the town rallied, a fight commenced, and the result was that the officers and wenches were cleared out. The next day the troops returned, and in revenge, burned up the business part of the place, and gave the whites notice to leave, as they would come back and finish the job. This they did, and burned up the court-house and churches, again ordering the whites to leave. They next, aided by a drove of negroes, destroyed every building in the town. Not a single house was standing when Mr. McAusland left, to mark where stood so recently the flourishing and happy town of Brenham, Washington county, Texas."

If there is a shadow of truth in the statement here given to the public, the atrocious conduct of the perpetrators of this fearful outrage surely deserve investigation.—Prompt and condign punishment should be meted out to the guilty parties. When street riots occurred in Memphis and New Orleans, in which negroes were killed, although it was shown they were the authors of the disturbance, the whole North was inflamed with denunciations of the white men of the South, Congress appointed peripatetic committees of its own body to investigate, and the military commanders were instructed specially to bring the wrong-doers to justice. In this instance we find a thriving town entirely and wantonly destroyed by Federal soldiers and negroes, in revenge for the refusal to admit a parcel of negro wenches to social equality at a private entertainment of white people, and as yet no notice whatever has been taken of the infamous outrage either by the military authority, which has been substituted for civil government in Texas, or by Congress, which is so prompt and eager to resent the simplest insult to a negro south of Mason and Dixon's line. The civil courts in Texas are in abeyance. Under the military rule there, it appears that juries are packed chiefly with negroes. Justice for the nonce is utterly ignored where the rights of white men and white women are to be vindicated. Is not this wholesale arson—the wanton destruction of the whole of a flourishing town, as an act of simple vengeance for refusing tamely to submit to an unparallelled outrage, quite as worthy of military interference and Congressional investigation as a simple street riot?—*National Intelligencer.*

GERRIT SMITH ON OUR DUTY TO THE SOUTH—LETTER TO THADDEUS STEVENS.

Hon. Thaddeus Stevens:

DEAR SIR:—You are reported in the New York *Tribune* as having recently said on the floor of Congress:

'It is now held by one of the most liberal and enlightened gentlemen in the country (I mean Gerrit Smith) that we should even pay a portion of the damage inflicted on the rebels, and pay a portion of the rebel debt."

Of course you do not mean that this is literally so. My often repeated proposition is that the Government lend or give moneys to the South to help her to an upward start from the depths of her poverty and desolation. By what logic you were able to construct from the letter of this proposition your figure of speech, is for you, not me, to explain. I am truly sorry that it is in your heart to hold up to ridicule my reasonable proposition. You are too old and too intellectual to be making such concessions to passion and prejudice. There are two reasons why the North should be glad to help the South. First, the South is poor—very poor, and the North is rich—very rich. Second, the North is largely responsible for the poverty of the South. Our fathers united with the fathers of the South in making this a land of slaves; and in our own day the North has gone with the South in upholding and extending slavery. Until the breaking out of this war every Congress was for slavery. The repeal of the Missouri Compromise was the work of the North as well as of the South. So, too, was the enactment of that infernal Fugitive Slave act, which even the good Abraham Lincoln was compelled by the pro-slavery sentiment of the North, as well as of the South, to enforce so rigorously. With comparatively few exceptions, our northern colleges, theological seminaries, and political and religious parties, were on the side of slavery.—The commerce of the North was emphatically in the interest of slavery.

In the light of such facts it surely cannot be denied that the North made herself largely responsible for American slavery. But the war came of slavery; and the poverty and desolation of the South came of the war; and hence, to the same degree that the North was responsible for slavery is she responsible for the war and for its ruinous results to the South.

You call my sympathy with the South, and my desire to have the North help her, "sickly humanity." I call it simple honesty. If my neighbor and I join in getting each other drunk, and he in his frenzy goes to tearing down my house, and I, in self-defence, demolish his, I am not to disown his claim upon my sympathy. I am to feel that honesty requires me to help him rebuild.

Would to God that Congress were so just and wise as, at this very session, to lend fifty millions of dollars to the Confederate States—to each of them so much of it as would be proportionate to her population and to what she has suffered from the ravages of the war! The share falling to each State to be distributed throughout her territory in loans upon adequate security.—This, by proving the love and pity of the North for her, would win the heart of the South, and would thus produce a true and lasting peace between them. And then it would be worth to the nation, it only in a financial point of view, many times fifty millions of dollars. Gold would no longer bear among us a premium of forty per cent., and our Government would no longer have to pay seven per cent., nor much more than half seven per cent. interest on its loans.

Very respectfully, yours,
GERRIT SMITH.

Peterboro', July 15, 1867.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Saturday Evening Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—M.

Congress will adjourn this afternoon.

Gen. Jno. McClernand, of Illinois, is nominated to the Mexican mission,—Otterburg to be Secretary of Legation.

It is stated that all the members of the Cabinet, except Mr. Stanton, approved the veto message. Some passages were stricken out during its consideration in the Cabinet.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 20—M.

Cotton quiet and steady—Middling Uplands 26½@27.

Turpentine quiet at 58c.; Rosin steady.

Stocks strong. Gold $1,39½. 5-20 coupons of '62 $111¼. Tennessee sixes, ex-coupons, 68.—New issue 66¼. North Carolina sixes, new issue, 56.

Monday Morning Dispatches.

CONGRESS

WASHINGTON, July 20, P. M.

HOUSE.—A resolution to print 3,500 copies of the report on the Physics and Hydrography of the Mississippi River passed.

The bill carrying into effect the Venezuela Convention passed.

The Indian bill, as passed by the Senate, was amended and passed.

The Judiciary Committee was authorized to send for persons and papers, on the question whether Kentucky, Maryland and Delaware have Republican Constitutions

A preamble and resolutions were passed, ordering Lafayette C. Baker before the bar of the House for contempt in refusing to appear before the Judiciary Committee.

A resolution ordering the Judiciary Committee to report the evidence taken in the impeachment case passed, 57 to 43. This result was applauded by the impeachers.

The Conference committee reported on adjournment from four o'clock to-day to 21st November. The report was agreed to. Yeas 61, nays 46.

The excitement in the House was very great.—The impeachers taking advantage of a thin house, carried their point of ordering the impeachment evidence imported and printed, but Mr. Wilson, the Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, who strongly opposed the movement, trifled over the matter until the Speaker's hammer fell for adjournment; thus again defeating them.

SENATE.—There was an irregular discussion regarding adjournment, in which the President was denounced as contumacious.

Mr. Chandler said there was a sort of a hybrid concern in the Senate, called Conservative Republicanism.

Mr. Fessenden took some further remarks of Mr. Chandler as personal, and said he had but one thing to say, and that is, the Senator from Michigan says what is not true.

Mr. Chandler hurled back Mr. Fessenden's contempt with scorn, when the amiable controversy was interrupted by a motion to go into Executive session.

The Senate adopted the report of the committee of Conference to adjournment to 21st of November.

The President nominated Horace Greely for the Austrian mission, but on objections being made, under the rule of the Senate that nominations cannot be sent in and considered on the same day, the nomination goes over.

John Netherland, of TEXAS, was confirmed Minister to Bolivia.

The nomination of Jno. A. McClernand as Minister and Ottenburg as Secretary of Legation was rejected.

D. Rumly was confirmed as Collector of Customs at Wilmington, N. C.

THE SURRATT TRIAL—REVENUE—THE BUREAU.

WASHINGTON, July 20—P. M.

August Bessel, a physician from New York, testifies that he was in Elmira on the 14th of April, and saw Surratt there. Witness had a suit with the Erie Railroad Company. He suspected that Surratt was a detective employed by the Railroad Company to watch him. He noticed Surratt closely. Bessel's cross-examination was quite lengthy.

Internal Revenue to-day $693,000. For the week $3,392,000.

Gen. Howard has issued orders to his subordinates regarding employees. Preference must be given to such as have been loyal, and all must take the iron clad oath.

SENT TO QUARANTINE.

NEW YORK, July 20, P. M.

An Austrian ship has arrived from Antwerp which had seventeen deaths on the passage. She was sent to Quarantine.

GEN. SCHOFIELD AND THE HUSTINGS COURT OF RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, July 20, P. M.

The Justices of the Hustings Court will meet on Monday, to consider a letter from Gen. Schofield, which was sent to the Recorder to-day.

The case of Hovey is that of the teacher of freedmen who was assaulted by Holtze.

Gen. Schofield's letter says: "It is represented that the records of the Court of Hustings show that the highest penalty imposed in the most aggravated case of assault and battery was $150, while in ordinary cases the penalty was merely nominal fine and costs. That in the case of Holtz, for an aggravated case vs. Hovey for an assault upon the brother of Holtz the same Court thought proper to add to the fine of $150, imprisonment by the jury for thirty days in the County jail. And that in the case of William Snellings, Wm. A. Drake, and others above referred to, the Commonwealth's Attorney was permitted to enter a *nolle prosqui*, and the prisoners were discharged upon the ground, as stated in substance by the Counsel for the defence, that where the parties were born North of an imaginary line the judgement of the Court was set aside, and also that our Courts were now intended solely for the trial of Confederates.

The action of the Court of Hustings in these three cases seems to require explanation. The above statement is therefore referred to you as one of the Justices of that Court, for any explanation you may wish to make.

Very Respectfully, Your Ob't Servant,
[SIGNED,] S. F. CHALFIN,
A. A. G.

FEMALE COLORED LECTURER.

WILMINGTON, July 20, P. M.

Northern orators are on the increase. A colored female lectures to-morrow night.

FOREIGN.

LONDON July 20, P. M.

Earl Derby, in the House of Lords, announced the execution of Maximilian.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 20, P. M.

Cotton firmer. Sales 29,000 bales. Middling Uplands 26½@27.

Flour dull. State $7@$11¼. Southern $9,60 @$17.

LIVERPOOL, July 20, P. M.

Cotton firm, unchanged. Sales 15,000 bales.

No man can avoid his own company—so he had best make it as good as possible.

Maximilian's mother, the Archduchess Sophia, of Austria, gives evidence of insanity.

Kossuth is a candidate for a seat in the Hungarian Parliament.

Horace Greeley is writing his life for the New York *Ledger*.

The ex Queen of Naples has left her husband, and according to all accounts he was poor leavings.

REGISTRATION.—In Albemarle: whites, 1,200; blacks, 1,074.

In Campbell: whites, 2,566; blacks, 2, 928.

In Rockbridge: whites, 2,003; blacks, 1, 016.—*Richmond Dispatch.*

A facetious boy asked one of his playmates how a hardware dealer differed from a shoemaker? The latter, somewhat puzzled, gave it up. "Why, said the other, 'because the one sold the nails, and the other nailed the soles."

Hath any wronged thee? Be bravely revenged; slight it, and the work's begun; forgive it, and 'tis finished. He is below himself that is not above an injury.—*Quarles.*

IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

5 Hhds. Cuba Molasses.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 20-276-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 22) (Silver 20) G. B.	48
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	34
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	15
" Washington	10
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	20
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	23
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	85
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87
Old Sixes?	70
Exchange on New York	¼

SPECIAL NOTICES

Gent's ready made CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS,

AT COST

For thirty days only,
at M. ROSENBAUM'S.

July 2-277-tf

YOUR LAST CHANCE!

Only two more cases of those fine CALF BOOTS at $4,00.
at M. ROSENBAUM'S.

July 2-277-tf

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL.
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21,
April 6-265-1ydaw Troy, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RANDOLPH MACON COLLEGE,

VIRGINIA.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION Commences on the 19th. of Sept. 1867.

In addition to the schools of Moral Philosophy, Ancient Languages, Mathematics, Natural Philosophy and Modern Languages, the board has established a school of

COMMERCIAL SCIENCE,

in which are tangit the branches of a business education;—thus uniting the literary, scientific and practical. Young men studying for the ministry, and soldiers disabled by the late war, who are in necessitous circumstances, can attend free of tuition. All scholarships valid.

Expenses for ten months, including meals, use of furniture, (averaged,) fuel, lights, washing, matriculation and contingent fee and tuition in three schools—so as to occupy the whole time—$300; one half payable at the begining of each term.

A daily line of hacks (Sundays excepted) runs from Roanoke Station, (Richmond & Danville Railroad,) to Boydton.

Send for Circulars,
THOS. C. JOHNSON,
President.

Boydton, Mecklenburg Co., Va., July 19-274-3w

RICE'S MANUAL,

OF THE

U. S. BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1867,

WITH THE

Rules, Orders and Forms of Proceedings thereunder

CONVENIENTLY

Annotated, Classified and Arranged. Bound in Law Sheep—Price $5.

ALSO,

The Bankrupt Law, with all the Rules, Forms, &c., in Pamphlet. Price 25 cents.

For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

July 17-292-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } WAKE COUNTY. }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, MAY TERM, 1867.

In rem. On the matter of Rowdus M. Saunder's will.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of this Court that William J. Saunders, and Bradly T. Johnson, and his wife Jane Johnson, heirs at law of the testator, the said R. M. Saunders, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is ordered that advertisement be made in the Semi-Weekly *Sentinel*, for six weeks, notifying them to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held on the 3rd. Monday in August next, then and there to see proceedings in this matter, and to make themselves parties thereto, if they shall see proper so to do.

Witness, J. J. FERRELL, Clerk of our said Court at office, the 3rd. Monday in May, A. D 1867. J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

June 19-2awtw

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

W. BOYD,

GROCERY AND PROVISION DEALER,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Buys and Sells all articles of Produce on Commission.

Orders and Consignments solicited.

June 24-269-3m W. BOYD, Charlotte, N. C.

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance.* Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,
WILSON C. N. CAMP, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-292-tf

BARGAINS!

In Philadelphia Made COOKING STOVES.
For sale, low, by
J. BROWN,
July 20-276-tf With HART & LEWIS.

JUST ARRIVED,

30 Sacks Flour made out of new Wheat.
For sale by
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 20-276-tf

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM AND COUNTER Scales, Evans and Watson's Fire and Burglar proof Safes, Marble Monuments and Tombstones, Carey's Adjust and Syrup Evaporators, Carey's improved Sorghum Mills, Sulky Plows, Cider Mills, &c., &c.

mar 29-198-1y

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

THOMASVILLE FEMALE COLLEGE.

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

REV. D. R. BRUTON, A. M., PRESIDENT, and Professor in Mental and Moral Philosophy and Belles Lettres.

JOHN M. DAVIS, A. M., Professor in Mathematics and Ancient Languages.

——, Professor in Natural Sciences.

Mrs. NANNIE S. DAVIS, Teacher in English Literature and Assistant in Music.

Miss THEO. A. WELFARE, Teacher of French and Assistant in English.

Miss CARRIE M. BUTORER, Teacher in Music.

——, Teacher in Oil Painting, Drawing &c.

Mrs. M. W. DAVIS, Matron.

The Fall Term of the next Collegiate year will commence on Thursday, 30th. of July, and close 20 weeks thereafter.

For Catalogue, giving full particulars, address the President.

June 28-274-4w

FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

WARRENTON N. C.

THE *fifty third* session of this Institution will commence on the 17th. of July, with a full corps of experienced and efficient instructors.

The course of study extensive, instruction thorough and systematic. Government parental, and attention paid to refinement of taste and manners; as well as to developing the intellect and storing the mind. Warrenton is noted for healthfulness; and a favorite resort of persons from the Eastern part of the State, during the sickly season.

Pupils received at all stages of the session, and boarded through vacation if desired. For Circulars, and further particulars address either Rev. M. M. MARSHALL, Mrs. M. J. WILCOX, or Rev. Wm. MOSES, D. D.

June 21-267-d2m

KITTRELLS SPRINGS FEMALE COLLEGE,

(*WITHIN TWO HOURS RIDE OF RALEIGH, AND A HALF MILE OF KITTRELL'S DEPOT, RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD.*)

THE next Session will open on the 17th. July. The Catalogue for the past scholastic year shows 178 boarders, which fact speaks for itself as to the popularity of the School.

Terms moderate and accommodating. Every room has been renewed. New mattresses &c., &c. C. B. RIDDICK, President.

Kittrells Springs, N. C.

June 21-267-1m*

YADKIN COLLEGE AND

B. F. SEMINARY,

Davidson County, N. C.

THE above Institutions will open, in buildings a mile apart, August 1st. 1867.

The President of the Institutions will be assisted by the necessary Teachers.

The duties of the two schools are positively distinct.

Students can board with private families, if they prefer. Our boarding-houses and offices have been re-arranged, so as to insure comfort.

Books, clothing, &c., kept on hand, near by, for accommodation at a small per cent.

The President hopes to be able to enter ten young men from ten different counties for the next session, and perhaps longer, and wait with them until they can pay by teaching or otherwise. They must be over twenty, sound in body, and willing to observe certain rules, a copy of which they will receive on application.

EXPENSES FOR A SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Tuition, from $5,00 to $20 00. Payment in advance.
Board, $45,00.
Entrance, $1,00.
Board is $10,00, if paid by the month.
For further information, address
Rev. G. W. HEGE, A. M.
July 3-278-dawawlawtw President.

MISS MANGUM'S PRIVATE SCHOOL.

The tenth Session of Miss Mangum's School for Young Ladies, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Willie P. Mangum, will commence on the 1st. of August, 1867.

For Circulars, address,
Miss M. P. MANGUM,
Care of Dr. J. F. CAIN,
June 12-260-6w Hillsboro, N. C.

FRANKLINTON MALE ACADEMY,

Will resume duties on 23d. July 1867. Tuition per session from $14 to $31.

Board per month $12 to $15. For Circulars address,
GEO. W. NEAL, A. M. Principal.
June 27-272-tf

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

HILLSBORO, N. C.

MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

The Fall Term of 1867 will open on the 26th. July, and continue twenty weeks.

Circulars forwarded on application.

June 3-263-3m*

SELECT SCHOOL FOR

YOUNG LADIES

The next Session of Mrs. HOWELL'S Select School will commence July 18th. 1867.

English Branches, Music, French and Latin will be thoroughly taught.

For particulars, address,
MRS. V. C. HOWELL.
July 9-265-sod2w Raleigh, N. C.

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY,

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

REV. H. G. HILL, PRINCIPAL.

THE Fall Session opens Thursday, the 25th. July 1867.

Circulars forwarded upon application.

June 19-265-2awdw

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE next Term will commence Aug. 14.

Tuition,	$20 to 30 per. Session.
Board,	$12 per month.
Washing	75cts. to $1,00 per month.

Payment in currency in advance.

July 11-287-4d B. CRAVEN.

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,

FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample Terms reasonable For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to

June 10-258-tf F. M. JONES, President.

DAVENPORT FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE SUMMER AND FALL TERM OF THIS Institution opens the 3rd. of July 1867, with a full corps of experienced teachers.

Board $11.00 per month.

Tuition the same as in other Institutions of like grade

For Catalogue address,
J. R. GRIFFITH.
July 11-287-sod2w Lenoir, Caldwell Co. N. C.

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,

WARREN COUNTY, N. C

The 5th. Session of this School will commence July 18th, and continue 20 weeks.

TUITION: Classics $25; Elementary Branches $20.

BOARD, including every thing except lights and towels, $75.

No deduction made except in case of protracted sickness. Location healthy. Neighborhood pleasant. Pupils will be met at Littleton Depot, if requested.

Address,
JOHN GRAHAM, Principal; or
July 11-287-2w* Rev. C. M. COOK, Littleton, N. C.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FOR SALE.

VERY FINE BLACKBERRY WINE, made last year.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 5-281-tf Wholesale Grocers

CORN.

1,500 Bushels Corn for sale.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 1-276-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SMUT MACHINES!

"McMANNEN'S *Celebrated Smut and Screening Machine*,"—the best in the world.

We are Agents for the sale of the above, and will furnish the same at manufacturer's prices.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 11-287-tf Raleigh, N. C.
Standard and Progress copy.

HERRINGS!! HERRINGS!!! HERRINGS!!!

50 Barrels N. C. Cut Herrings,
50 " No. 1, Gross Herrings, Norfolk Inspection,
Barrels Cocoa Nuts.
Just received and for sale by
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 1-276-tf

TO FARMERS.

H. L. Emory & Son's Cotton Gins.
Eagle, " "
Brown, Clemmons & Co's. Georgia Cotton Gins
Daniel Pratts' reliable " "
Ingersoll's Cotton Press,
H. L. Emory & Son's Railway Horse Powers,
Hutchinson's Patent Cider and Wine Mill,
Scully's Cider and Wine Mill,
All kinds Leather and Gum Belting,
Plantation Bells,
Union and Doty's Washing machines,
Collins' Cast Steel Plows,
Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.,
We are agents for the sale of all the above, and propose to sell at manufacturer's prices, and warrant all we sell.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

REFER TO REFER TO
A. T. Mial, Wake Co.
D. Hinton, " "
G. W. Mordecai, " "
Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co.
Col. J. M. Heck, Warren, Co.
Raleigh, N. C. July 10-266-tf
Standard and Progress.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BUFFALO SPRINGS,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, VA.

THIS well known Watering place, newly improved and fitted up, is now open for

THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

THE FOLLOWING TARIFF CHARGES HAS BEEN ADOPTED:

BOARD, PER DAY	$ 2,50.
" " WEEK	12,50.
" " MONTH	50,00.

CHILDREN AND SERVANTS HALF PRICE!!

After June 15th. the Regular HACKS,

FROM THE SPRINGS WILL MEET

PASSENGERS

From Richmond at Scottsburg depot, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and from Danville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

A BAND

Has been engaged for the season, and other Amusements are provided.

T. PAXSON,
June 3-253-2m Proprietor.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE,

LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA.

GEN. R. E. LEE, PRESIDENT, aided by a corps of twenty Instructors, including a Professor of Law.

The next session will begin on 3rd. Thursday in September, and end on 3rd. Thursday in June.

Lexington may be reached by stage from Staunton or Goshen on the Virginia Central Rail Road; from Lynchburg by Canal, or by stage from Bonsack's on the Va. & Tenn. Rail Road.

For further particulars apply to Clerk of the Faculty for Catalogue.

July 2-276-5w

COTTON GINS.

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUES TO CARRY on the manufacture of COTTON GINS, and would be pleased to furnish any one that may need any thing in his line.

The Gins are made of the best material that can be had, and the performance is warranted in every respect. No pay required, until the Gin is tested.

Repairing done to order. Having been engaged in the business for the last twenty-five years, I flatter myself that I understand it.

References given if required.

SAM'L ROWLAND.

Raleigh, July 15-260-1m

LARD.

50 Kits Sweet White Lard, for family use, just received
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 10-266-tf Wholesale Grocers.

PRIME WHITE MEAL.

One hundred Bushels Prime White meal, just received by
DOUGLAS BELL.

July 15-260-tf

FINE CHEWING TOBACCO.

10 Half Boxes fine Chewing Tobacco manufactured in 1865.

Call and see it.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 16-264-tf

FINE MULES FOR SALE.

The Subscriber has FOUR LARGE FINE MULES for sale, which he wishes to sell *for cash*. Any one wishing to purchase would do well to call soon.

JAS. A. JOHNSON,
Barclaysville, Harnett Co.

July 17-292-1aw3t

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR

THOS. BRANCH & Co., Richmond, Va. BRANCH, SONS & Co. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	34½
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	16
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	16
" " at Graham	23
" North Carolina	46
" Roxboro'	12
" Thomasville	52
" Wadesborough	4
" Washington	14
" Wilmington	24
" Yanceyville	9
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	23
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	25
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	55
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-283-tf

FOR SALE,

The best and most desirable lot in the town of Albemarle, Stanly County, N. C. containing two acres of land, with a

GOOD TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE

of seven large and well finished rooms. Piazza in front. Kitchen, Smoke-house, Stables and other out-houses, a good and lasting well of water, nice flower yard, &c.

Price very low for cash. Apply at *Sentinel* Office, or address,
R. ANDERSON,
June 11-3mw* Albemarle.

RAILROADS.

GREAT DOUBLE TRACK

NATIONAL ROUTE

TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the *Western* and *South Western* States from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed that permanent arrangments have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road* at *RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio.
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis.
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers goes *West from Raleigh, via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, can either take the Route, via. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road*, to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

LEAVE BALTIMORE,	
Mail Train,	8.45, A. M.
Fast Line,	9.20, P. M.
Express train,	9.45, P. M.
LEAVE WASHINGTON CITY,	
Mail Train,	7.45, A. M.
Fast Line,	4.30, P. M.
Express Train,	8.45, P. M.

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, Saving in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars, combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago, and the principal Cities West and South.

From *five to

THE SENTINEL.

MONDAY, JULY 22, 1867.

THE TEMPEST.

Of this sweet old ballad of the Tempest, by Fields, one can never weary. There is something in the little daughter's whisper above all human philosophy:

We were crowded in the cabin,
Not a soul would dare to sleep—
It was midnight on the waters,
And a storm was on the deep.

'Tis a fearful thing in winter
To be shattered in the blast,
And to hear the rattling trumpet
Thunder, 'cut away the mast!'

So we shuddered there in silence—
For the stoutest held his breath,
While the hungry sea was roaring,
And the breakers talked with Death.

As thus we sat in darkness,
Each one busy in his prayers—
"We are lost!" the captain shouted,
As he staggered down the stairs.

But his little daughter whisper'd,
As she took his icy hand,
"Isn't God upon the ocean,
Just the same as on the land?"

Then he kiss'd the little maiden,
And we spoke in better cheer,
And we anchor'd safe in harbor
When the morn was shining clear.

LITTLE-OR-NOTHINGS.

Some writers for the press seem to think because they are permitted to print they are privileged to insult.

A man winds up his clock to make it run, and his business to make it stop.

A crusty old bachelor says he thinks it is *woman*, and not her wrongs, that ought to be *re dressed*.

Dobbs thinks that instead of giving credit to whom credit is due, the cash had better be paid. Dobbs should not be impertinent.

Here is a very good domestic toast:—"May your coffee and slanders against you be ever alike—without grounds."

The Hartford *Times* says that next to twenty-four grains there is nothing like a mean man's pocket to make a penny wait.

A certain man says that one of his boys knows nothing, and the other does. The question is, which knows the most?

Some people assert that they have seen a horse *draw*, a bell *pull*, a lump of coal *smoke*, a pail *run*, a-bun *dance*, and a wheel-*write*.

Many a man thinks it is a virtue that keeps him from turning a rascal, when it is only a full stomach. One should be careful and not mistake potatoes for principles.

SCENE AT A RESTAURANT.—"*Waiter*—"Please, sir, how will you have your steak cooked?" *Serious gentleman*—"Well done, good and faithful servant."

It is said that a girl in England was struck dumb by the firing of a cannon.—Since then a number of married men have invited the artillery to come and discharge their pieces on their premises.

"May it please your honor," said a lawyer, addressing one of the judges, "I brought the prisoner from jail on a writ of *habeas corpus*" "Well," said a fellow, in an under tone, who stood in the rear of the court, "these lawyers will say anything. I saw the man get out of a cab at the court door."

We, de underscribed darkies, bein' a kruner jury of disgust, to sit on de body of de nigger Sambo, now dead and gone before us, had been sittin' on de said nigger aforesaid, did on the night of the fusteenth of November came to his fate by fallin' from the said riber, whar we find he was washed on de riber side, whar we spose he froze to deff."

A boy about six years of age entered a store and asked for a pint of canary seed. As he had no money to pay for it, the shopkeeper, (to whom the boy was well known) wishing to ascertain whether he had been sent by his parents or by any other party, asked, "Is that seed for your mother, my mannie?" "No," said the boy, "it's for the bird."

The landlord of the inn at Loch Inver charges you half a guinea a day for fishing in the loch, the fish caught to be given up to said landlord! So that you not only pay to be this worthy's servant, but if you order any of the fish you have landed to be produced at your dinner, you will have to pay for eating as well as for catching them.

A midshipman asked a priest to tell him the difference between a priest and a jackass. The priest gave it up. "One wears a cross on his back, and the other on his breast," said the midshipman. "Now," said the priest, "tell me the difference between a midshipman and a jackass." The midshipman gave it up, and asked what it was. The priest said he did not know of any.

A certain judge was once obliged to double with an Irishman in a crowded hotel, when the following conversation ensued: "Pat, you would have remained a long time in the old country before you could have slept with a judge, would you not?" "Yis, yer honor," said Pat, "and I think yer honor would have been a long time in the old country before ye'd been a judge, too."

CALIFORNIA POLITICS.—The Black Republicans in California have nominated George C. Gorham for Governor. There was a desperate struggle for the nomination between Mr. Gorham and Mr. John Bidwell, and the vote stood 167 for Gorham to 134 for Bidwell.

The wealth and respectability of the entire Black Republican party in California, as well as nearly all the newspapers, were opposed to Gorham's nomination, and when the result of the ballot was announced in the Convention the dissatisfaction was very manifest.

The old orginal Californians will vote for the Democratic candidate, and there is little doubt of a great Democratic success in the State. So mote it be.

GOOD ADVICE.—The Hon. Mr. Goggin, a prominent Virginian, in a letter on public affairs, gives the following sensible advice:

"Let all the former *masters* and others with them at once set about the work of reconstruction in earnest, and in good faith. If they will, and their faith is seen by their works, they will soon have the aid and co-operation of the former *slaves*. In the next place, we should, on both sides, carefully avoid all harshness, distrust or alienation between old masters and new freedmen. As was once said, "We are all Federalists—we are all Republicans," so we should now be all friends, as we are all fellow-citizens. Let every man remember he has a part to perform; let it be the part of honor, virtue fair dealing, christian charity and kindness.

Ex-Governor Weller, of California, delivered a Fourth of July speech in New Orleans which was mainly devoted to stirring up popular feeling against Mexico. He said that since the declaration of the "infamous, bloodthirsty tyrant Escobedo," forbearance had ceased to be a virtue, and "if I had my own way, I would crush out her nationality and proceed at once to administer upon her effects." This seems to be the ground now assumed by those who have had the greatest opportunities of comprehending the condition of Mexico.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 32.

HEADQUARTERS, 2ND MILITARY DISTRICT, Charleston, May 30.

General Orders No. 32.

1. Any citizen, a qualified voter according to the requirements of the Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2nd, 1867, and the act supplemental thereto, passed March 23rd, 1867, is eligible to office in the Provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the act aforesaid and to file the same duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

2. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have paid taxes for the current year, are qualified to serve as jurors. It shall be the duty of the proper civil officers, charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons, and place them on the jury lists, and from such revised lists all jurors shall be hereafter summoned, and drawn in the manner required by law.

3. All citizens are eligible to follow any licensed calling employment or avocation, subject to such impartial regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other competent authority, not inconsistent with common rights and the Constitution and laws of the United States. The bond required as security shall not exceed the penal sum of one hundred dollars. One or more sureties being citizens and worth, in the aggregate, double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will be sufficient.

4. The Mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all Sheriffs, Magistrates and Police officers, are required to be vigilant and efficient in maintaining order, and in the discharge of their duties. They will be expected to co-operate with the military authorities.

5. Post commanders may summon to their aid, whenever the ordinary means at their disposal shall not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil officers, and as many of the citizens, within the territorial limits of the military post, as may be necessary, and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assist in the execution of the orders of the Commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by a military tribunal approved by the Commanding General.

6. No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one gallon or to be drank on the premises shall be granted to any person other than an Inn-keeper. The number of such licenses shall be determined, and the fees to be charged for each license shall be prescribed and collected, by the municipal or town authorities and appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the poor. If any person shall be found drunk on the premises where liquor is sold the license may be revoked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the Internal Revenue laws of the United States is an additional charge and does not excuse the person from the observance of local regulations, nor exempt him from the payment of such other license fees as may be imposed by the municipal or other competent authorities.

7. All contracts hereafter made for the manufacture, sale or transportation, storage or insurance of intoxicating liquors shall within this military district be deemed and treated as against public policy, and no civil action, suit or proceedings for the enforcement of any such contract shall be entertained in any court.

8 In public conveyances on railroads, highways, streets or navigable waters, no discrimination because of color or caste shall be made, and the common rights of all citizens therein shall be recognized and respected. The violation of this regulation will be deemed a misdemeanor and render the offender liable to arrest and trial by a Military tribunal to be designated by the commanding General, besides such damages as the injured party may sue for and recover in the civil Courts.

9. The remedy by distress for rent is abolished. Where lands are leased, or let out for hire or rent, cotton, corn or other produce of the same, when severed from the land, may be impounded, but the same shall not be removed. Any cotton, corn or other produce so impounded shall be held as security for the rent or hire so claimed and may be sold in satisfaction of any judgment for the same, *Provided*, that any unsatisfied claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of such cotton, corn, or other produce, shall, in no case, be postponed to any demand for rent or hire But to the extent of such claim for labor there shall be a lien on such cotton, corn and other produce having preference over any claim for rent or hire.

By command of
MAJ. GEN. SICKLES,
J. W. CLOUS, A. A. A. G.

BOOK STORES.

25000 WHITE, BUFF, AND CANARY Envelopes.
Paris Envelopes, White and Colored; Fine French Note Paper.
For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Next door to Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.
May 29-249-tf

IMPORTANT ITEM.

Books and Stationery are still cheaper than when we wrote you last.

In purchasing our new Stock of goods, we have selected only the VERY BEST ARTICLES, and many of them we find to be cheaper than the same qualities purchased in January and February.—We buy nothing but *quick stock*, hence we can afford to sell for *small profits*.

In order to *sell* well one must *buy* well, and this, several years of experience enables us to do. It is certainly our interest to give general satisfaction, and this has always been our aim. We are to-day receiving a lot of fine French and American, Letter Note, and Foolscap papers, which we will sell reasonably.

Call at our New Store next door above Tucker's New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 23-268-tf

WEARING OF THE GRAY!

Cloth Binding	$4.00,
Sheep "	5.00,
Half Calf "	6.00,

This book is sold only by Agents. We are the sole Agents for Wake county and the city of Raleigh.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
July 10-286-tf

THE ROMANCE OF BEAUSEIN COURT.

An Episode extracted from the retrospect of Miriam Manfort, by the author of the "Household of Bouveri, just published and to hand.—Price $2.00.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 27-272-tf

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION BOOKS,
BURROW'S MUSIC PRIMERS,
BAXTER'S SAINTS' REST,
SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARIES,
SPLENDID COLORED ENGRAVINGS,
CHILDREN'S ILLUSTRATED BOOKS,
ROBINSON CRUSOE, &c., &c.
Just to hand at our new Store, next to Tuckers' New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 12-260-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

SILK WRAPPERS.

A beautiful lot SILK WRAPPERS, which will be sold at Cost and no humbug.

A very large assortment of Ladies' Spring and Summer Dress Goods, which will be sold for a small advance on Cost.

July 5-281-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

FOR SALE.

THE BANKING HOUSE AND LOT BELONGing to the Bank of the State of North Carolina, in the City of Raleigh, will be offered for sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 20th. day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M.

TERMS: One third Cash; residue in three equal instalments of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with interest from day of sale. Bonds with approved security, will be required and title retained until the whole purchase money is paid. The Bank reserves the privilege of making one bid.

C. DEWEY,
July 9-285-2awtd Agent.

Henderson Collegiate Institute.

HENDERSON, N. C.

THE third session of this Institution will begin on the 15th. July 1867.

Terms per session of twenty weeks (half in advance, the balance on 1st. October.)

Primary Department, (Currency)	$20.00
Higher English	25.00
Classical	30.00
Incidental Expenses	1.00

Board, including washing, fuel, lights &c., per month $16.50.

For Circular, address
FRED. A. FETTER, A. M.
June 26-271-3w&1m Principal.

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established; Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been residents of said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th. section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowlege and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United states, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God." which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such state by the commanding general, giving to each, representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

FARM VALLEY ACADEMY,

LENOIR COUNTY, N. C.

The second session of this institution will commence on the 23d. July inst.

It is a school for both sexes, and every attention will be paid to the improvement of the students.

TERMS: In the English department per session $15.00.

Latin and higher branches of English per session $20.00.

C. C. LOVEJOY.
Kinston, July 11-287-1w

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN S. DANCY, of TARBORO, N.C., JOHN H. HYMAN, of SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,
Late of Tarboro, N. C.
DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 94, Exchange Place,
NEW YORK,
Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

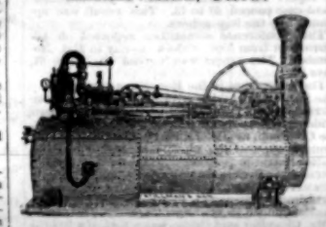
We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice. Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.
Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY
PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS, DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address,

LOUIS ZIMMER & CO.,
Guilford Co. } Agents,
Gu... } near N. C.
Sole... } for N. C.
June 26-271-3m

PHOTOGRAPHS!

PRICES REDUCED!!

IN ORDER TO PLACE PHOTOGRAPHS WITH in the reach of everybody, and thereby increase my business, I have

REDUCED THE PRICE
of Photographs one fourth.
Now is the time. Call early.

J. W. WATSON.
mar 28-197-tf

JUST RECEIVED.
A SUPERB LOT OF
GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS,
CALF GAITERS,
LASTING GAITERS,
LASTING SHOES,
OXFORD TIES,
From the celebrated manufactory of T. MILES & SON.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
May 10-232-tf

A SITUATION WANTED.

A Young Lady, who has experience in teaching, desires to obtain a situation as Teacher of the English branches in a Family School, or as an assistant. The best testimonials will be given.

Address the
EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.
June 19-265-tf

NEW BOOKS.

TREATMENT OF FRACTURES,
BY N. R. SMITH, M. D.

Showing the use of the Anterior Suspensory Apparatus. It is a new work well illustrated and finely printed. Price $2 00

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 27-272-tf

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.
No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK,
SUCCESSORS TO
ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.
OF NEW YORK,
AND
SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, P. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

PIEDMONT SPRINGS FOR SALE.

ON THE 15TH. DAY OF AUGUST, 1867, WE shall sell, on the premises, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the celebrated watering place known as

PIEDMONT SPRINGS,

and 56½ acres of land attached, situated in Stokes County, North Carolina, three miles from the capital of the county.

This valuable property is in the midst of the most picturesque and romantic scenery in America. The salubrity of the climate and virtue of the water are too well known to need comment. Fit and suitable accommodations for FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS. For further information apply to M. W. Smallwood, Rich Square, Northampton county, N. C.

TERMS OF SALE:—Twelve months credit, bond and approved security with interest from date, title retained till purchase money paid.

M. W. SMALLWOOD, } Trustees.
JOHN TILLERY. }
July 6-283-td

W. BOYD,

GROCERY AND PROVISION DEALER,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Buys and Sells all articles of Produce on Commission.

Orders and Consignments solicited.

W. BOYD.
June 24-259-3m Charlotte, N. C.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,
Baltimore,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
mar 29-196-6m.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook, Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, Beebe Range, European Range, Magee Range, Spence Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick. Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. All the different styles of Grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C.
AGENTS FOR STIEFF'S 1st. PREMIUM GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANOS.

FACTORIES 84 & 86 CAMDEN ST., AND 45 & 47 PERRY ST., OPPOSITE THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R. OFFICE, AND WAREROOMS NO. 7. W. LIBERTY ST., ABOVE BALTIMORE, BALTIMORE, Md.,

Stieff's new Scale Pianos, with the Agraffe treble and Ivory fronts, are pronounced by the best Professors and Amateurs to be the best Pianos now in use. They are fully warranted for 5 years, with privilege of exchange within 12 months, if not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Cabinet Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

REFERENCES: (Who have our Pianos in use) Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va., Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C., Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell's Springs, N. C., Max Strakosch, Director Italian Opera, and Miss Caroline M. Richings, of the English Opera.

TERMS LIBERAL, A CALL IS SOLICITED.
May 22-243-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR
OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

April 29-224-tf W. H. MORRISS & CO. 18 Fayetteville St.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,
AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE
JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG,
Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

J. H. CRAWFORD,
Mechanical and Operative Dentis
RALEIGH, N. C.
OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.
OFFICE HOURS:
From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.
my 4-228-sodly

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission
MERCHANTS,
No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

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A SEMI-WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, SITUATED in one of the very wealthiest sections of Eastern North Carolina, at the terminus of four Railroads, and having a fine advertising patronage and good subscription list, is offered for sale on reasonable terms,—the proprietors wishing to engage in other business.

For further particulars, apply at
THIS OFFICE.
July 11-287-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special departments on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Gymnastic, Equestrian Exercises, Music, Amusements, etc., all by the best authors, and profusely and artistically illustrated with costly Engravings (full size), useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, Jewelry, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

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